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New Guideline for calculating Divisional Split:

This guideline is designed to assist both Competition organisers and Regional representatives when considering competition Divisional splits. As in any Guideline the specific circumstances of each Competition need to be considered to see if there are any unusual seed time situations that may have an impact – for example an exceptionally wide gap in seed times between the second last and last teams may influence a decision to exclude the last team seed time when applying the Guideline.

This Divisional Split calculation has been written using a Worked Example (see page 4) that shows sample team seed times. Begin with the seed times in a column (Column A), sorted top to bottom in order fastest to slowest.

- a) First identify any obvious gaps between seed times for the splits.
- b) Using obvious gaps, the Worked Example produces 5 divisions (see Col A).
- c) In Column B, calculate the difference between team times.
- d) Subtract the fastest time from the slowest time (Worked Example: 28.434 17.557 = 10.877).
- e) Divide the difference between the fastest time and the slowest time (Worked Example: 10.877) by the number of divisions you originally estimated in this case 5. The result is the range (in seconds) of the seedtime for each division: 10.877 / 5 = 2.1754 in the Worked Example.
- f) In a new Column C, list the seed times again, sorted top to bottom, from fastest to slowest.
- g) Begin a new Column D, to record the Division Minimums and Maximums as follows:
 - Adding 2.174 to the fastest time 17.557 = 19.732. Every seed time under 19.732 falls into Division One.
 - Adding 2.174 to 20.519 (the lowest seed time after 19.732) = 22.694. Every seed time between 19.732 and 22.694 falls into Division Two.
 - Adding 2.174 to 23.600 (the lowest seed time after 22.694 = 25.775. Every seed time between 23.600 and 24.762 falls into Division Three.
 - Adding 2.174 to 25.826 (the lowest seed time after 25.775) = 28.001. Every seed time between 25.826 and 28.001 falls into Division Four (25.826 to



27.000). In the worked example, there is only one team with a seed time slower than 28.001 - add this team to Division Four.

Using Division Minimums and Maximums, the result is four divisions, rather than five. Every division will be racing the same range of times and no division has any advantage over another. The only exception is the slowest team, which logically should race in the slowest division.



Worked Example:

Division split by "Gap method"		Division split calculated using guideline		
Col A	Col B	Col C	Div min / max	Comments
17.557		17.557	17.557	Everything under 19.732 is in div one - it matches the
17.956	0.399	17.956		TIRST SPIIT IN COLA
19.121	1.165	19.121		
19.238	0.117	19.238	19.732	
20.519	<u>1.281</u>	20.519	20.519	So with this one everything under 22.694 would race in division two meaning that the original split can be changed to join div two and three together. This may "seem" wrong but now div one and div two are racing the same range of seed times as each other so neither division is getting an unfair deal.
20.600	0.081	20.600		
21.780	<u>1.180</u>	21.780		
22.000	0.220	22.000		
22.091	0.091	22.091	22.694	
23.600	<u>1.509</u>	23.600	23.600 Again this one has agreed with the original split.	
23.703	0.103	23.703		
24.000	0.297	24.000		
24.500	0.500	24.500		
24.762	0.262	24.762	25.775	
25.826	<u>1.064</u>	25.826	25.826	Again, this agrees with the original split. With this one, because there is only one team left and they are the slowest team by a large gap, just include them in this division.
26.000	0.174	26.000		
26.606	0.606	26.606		
27.000	0.394	27.000	28.001	
28.434	1.434	28.434		